

Homework I

Task 1: Commutation Relations of the Angular Momentum Operator

Prove the following commutation relations

a) $[H, \mathbf{l}^2] = 0, [H, l_i] = 0,$

b) $[l_i, l_j] = i\hbar\epsilon_{ijk}l_k$

where the Hamiltonian is given by the Schrödinger Hamiltonian with a spherically symmetric potential.

Task 2: The Angular Momentum Operator

The angular momentum operator is defined as

$$\mathbf{l} = \mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{p} = -i\hbar(\mathbf{r} \times \nabla). \quad (1)$$

Prove that the Cartesian components can be written as

$$l_x = i\hbar \left(\sin\varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial\vartheta} + \cot\vartheta \cos\varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi} \right), \quad (2)$$

$$l_y = i\hbar \left(-\cos\varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial\vartheta} + \cot\vartheta \sin\varphi \frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi} \right), \quad (3)$$

$$l_z = -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial\varphi}. \quad (4)$$

Task 3: Computational task with the usage JAC

For hydrogen-like gold ($Z = 79$), determine the energies of the $3d$ level for the relativistic case in eV. Compare the obtained results with non-relativistic ones (Schrödinger equation).