## Problems 02

(for tutorial that will take place on 20 November 2014)

1) For the evaluation of the scattering cross section we have discussed separately the incident (plane-wave) and scattered waves. This usually works well for large scattering angles but may fail for the forward scattering. Estimate the "critical" angle  $\theta_0$  so that for  $\theta < \theta_0$  one can not separate the plane- and scattering components of the beam.

Hint: Estimate conditions under which the interference between the incident and scattered currents can be neglected.

- 2) Write down the general expression for the scattering amplitude of the third order  $f^{(3)}(k',k)$
- 3) Calculate the differential cross section (in the 1<sup>st</sup> Born approximation) for the scattering on the rectangular potential:

$$V(r) = \begin{cases} V_0, r \le d\\ 0, r > d \end{cases}$$

2) Calculate the differential cross section (1<sup>st</sup> Born) for the elastic scattering of electrons with energy 100 eV (k = 2.71 a.u) on hydrogen atom in its ground state. For your calculations use atomic units ( $\hbar = \mu = e = 1$ ) and the potential:

$$V(r) = -2\left(1 + \frac{1}{r}\right)e^{-2r}$$